

Login | Create Account

Search & Browse

Simple Search

Advanced Search

Browse by Subject

Browse by Year

Browse by Conferences/Volumes

Latest Additions

Information

Home

About the Archive

Archive Policy

History

Help FAQ

Journal Eprint Policies

Register

Contact Us

News

Guide to new PhilSci-Archive features.

In Pursuit of Resistance: Pragmatic Recommendations for Doing Science within One's Means

McLaughlin, Amy (2009) *In Pursuit of Resistance: Pragmatic Recommendations for Doing Science within One's Means.* In: [2009] SPSP 2009: Society for Philosophy of Science in Practice (Minnesota, June 18-20, 2009).



PDF Download (66Kb)

Abstract

Charles Peirce's model of inquiry is supposed to demarcate appropriate methods of inquiry from specious ones. Cheryl Misak points out that Peirce's explicit account fails, but can nevertheless be rescued by elements of his own system. While Misak' s criticism is a propos, her own attempt to fortify Peirce's account does not succeed, as it falls prey to the same criticism she raises against Peirce's explicit account. The account provided in this paper—the 'open path' alternative—draws from Peirce' s corollary to his "first rule of reason", that one should not block the road to inquiry. The ' open path' account is able to withstand Misak' s objections, and when combined with other aspects of Peirce's work, shows us why the optimal way to conduct inquiry is to follow the path of greatest resistance. Inquiry, however, is rarely (if ever) conducted in optimal conditions. Actual, constrained conditions of inquiry require a measure of economy in terms of what can be reasonably pursued and how. The question, then, is how to conduct our inquiries so that they are as nearly optimal as possible given actual constraints. As a working scientist, Peirce was acutely aware of the need to economize in research. Nicholas Rescher has recognized this issue's significance for Peirce, and noted its neglect in discussions of Peirce's work. One issue that has been largely neglected in the literature on Peirce is what specifically he recommends, based on considerations of economy, for how to go about gathering evidence. Kronz & McLaughlin (2005) points out that Peirce's primary recommendation is that in gathering evidence relevant to a particular hypothesis we should test for empirical consequences that would not have been expected otherwise. The view that is developed in this paper is that economy in research, according to Peirce, follows the general line of his theory of inquiry. Peirce's theory of inquiry implies that pursuit of truth requires maximizing resistance. I argue that his considerations about how to navigate within the constraints introduced in the context of actual research (in terms of time, funding, available experimental apparatus, etc.) are also best understood as recommendations for maximizing resistance.

Export/Citation: EndNote | BibTeX | Dublin Core | ASCII (Chicago style) | HTML Citation | OpenURL

Social Networking: Share |

Item Type: Conference or Workshop Item (UNSPECIFIED)

Keywords: Peirce, inquiry, pragmatism, economy of research, Misak

<u>General Issues > Confirmation/Induction</u>

Subjects: General Issues > History of Philosophy of Science

<u>General Issues > Philosophers of Science</u> <u>General Issues > Experimentation</u>

Conferences and [2009] SPSP 2009: Society for Philosophy of Science in Practice (Minnesota, June

Volumes: 18-20, 2009)

Depositing User: A. L. McLaughlin
Date Deposited: 31 Jul 2009

Last Modified: 07 Oct 2010 11:18

Item ID: 4799

URI: http://philsci-archive.pitt.edu/id/eprint/4799

Actions (login required)



Document Downloads

ULS D-Scribe



This site is hosted by the <u>University</u> <u>Library System</u> of the <u>University of</u> <u>Pittsburgh</u> as part of its <u>D-Scribe</u> <u>Digital Publishing Program</u>

E-Prints



Philsci Archive is powered by EPrints 3 which is developed by the School of Electronics and Computer Science at the University of Southampton. More information and software credits.

Share

Feeds





