

Identical Quantum Particles and Weak Discernibility

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Abstract

We examine a recent argument that ``identical" quantum particles with an anti-symmetric state (fermions) are weakly

discernible objects, just like irreflexively related ordinary objects in situations with perfect symmetry (Black's spheres, for example). We conclude that the argument uses a silent premise that is not justified in the quantum case.

Keywords: Quantum statistics, indistinguishable particles, weak indiscernibility, Leibniz's principle

Specific Sciences: Probability/Statistics

Specific Sciences: Physics: Symmetries/Invariances

Subjects: Specific Sciences: Physics: Fields and Particles

Specific Sciences: Physics: Quantum Mechanics
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