

Inertia Equals Gravity

Graudis, Raymond (2003) Inertia Equals Gravity.

Full text available as: <u>HTML</u>

Abstract

Despite the success of General Relativity in depicting gravity, inertia--an equivalent force--continues to defy explanation. Even its status as a force is open to question since its source has never been determined. Starting from the assumption that gravity and inertia are truly equal forces, a train of syllogistic reasoning shows that gravity, centrifugal force, and inertia all have the same nature. The interrelationship of these forces within a rotating frame of reference demonstrates their oneness, and establishes inertia as the reacting force in Newton's Third Law. The same source is deduced for both gravity and inertia in a simple and novel way without reference to relativistic space-time or Mach's Principle.

This essay is directed at the interested layman, but the issues it grapples with belong to everyone.

Keywords:	centrifugal, equivalence, Higgs, motion, force, Third Law of Motion
Subjects:	Specific Sciences: Physics: Classical Physics Specific Sciences: Physics: Quantum Field Theory
ID Code:	1287
Deposited By:	Graudis, Raymond

Deposited On: 07 August 2003

Send feedback to: philsci-archive@library.pitt.edu