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Agric. Econ. — Czech

Ľ. Falťan

Cross-border Euroregional activation and regional development in Slovakia

Agric. Econ. – Czech, 51 (2005): 547-554

Social-political transition in the former socialist countries led to a new understanding of borders and created the prerequisites for renaissance and significant activation of the cross-border co-operation. This way, Slovakia along with other countries joined the Euro-

regional movement in Europe, which spread since the end of 60-ies through Western-European countries. Formation and institutionalisation of Euro-regional relations, links and co-operation was initially hindered by a whole range of obstacles, including the ones with political background. It was obvious mainly in Slovakia where it influenced the existence and potential establishment of new Euroregional associations. Rebirth of the Euroregional activities started after 1998. Currently, there are Euro-regions practically operating along the entire Slovak border with its neighbours. The extent and form of institutionalisation and professional staffing varies. Activities of Euro-regions are merely based on projects which bring funding. Projects are broadly oriented, while the prevailing focus is currently on the economic activation of Euro-regions. There is a lack of partner co-operation and co-ordination of activities between countries and their activities, including cross-border activities and activities of Euro-regions. Euroregional activities play a significant role in activation of border areas in the country, while they have a complementary character for the regional state policy and

regional policy of self-governed regions which is being formulated.

Keywords:

social-political transition, border, border regions, social-territorial situation, cross-border co-operation, civil activation, Euroregion, institutionalisation, regional development

[fulltext]

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