

#### **Agricultural Journals**

#### **AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS**

Zemědělská ekonomika

home page about us contact

## Table of Contents

US

**IN PRESS AGRICECON** 2014 **AGRICECON** 2013 AGRICECON 2012 **AGRICECON** 2011 **AGRICECON** 2010 **AGRICECON** 2009 AGRICECON 2008 **AGRICECON** 2007 **AGRICECON** 

AGRICECON 2005 AGRICECON 2004 AGRICECON 2003 AGRICECON 2002 AGRICECON Home

## Editorial Board

## **For Authors**

- Authors
  Declaration
- Instruction to Authors
- Guide for Authors
- Copyright
  Statement
- Submission

For Reviewers Reviewers Reviewers Login

## **Subscription**

# Agric. Econ. – Czech

Pyšný T., Pošvár Z., Gurská S.: Analysis of selected demand factors of wine market of the Czech Republic

Agric. Econ. – Czech, 53 (2007): 304-311

This paper analyzes the data on the development of the main factors of the demand for wine and wine consumption in the Czech Republic. The average annual wine consumption, one of the wine demand factors, grew between1991 and

2005 from 14.8 I to 17 I per capita. Following this trend, we can expect the average annual wine consumption 17.4 l per capita in year 2010. However there are critical factors in the development of the demand for wine demand here. Specifically it is the daily feasible ratio of alcohol in wine and other alcoholic drinks, especially beer that we can treat as the substitute of wine. The ethanol consumption in beer accounts for 50% of the total ethanol consumption in alcoholic drinks in the Czech Republic. The negative influence on wine demand growth has been the price of other alcoholic drinks, especially beer that is the cheapest form of ethanol.

#### **Keywords:**

wine, wine consumption, beer consumption, alcoholic drinks, daily admissible ration of alcohol

[fulltext]

© 2011 Czech Academy of Agricultural Sciences