

Fast Correlation Greeks by Adjoint Algorithmic Differentiation

Luca Capriotti, Mike Giles

(Submitted on 11 Apr 2010)

We show how Adjoint Algorithmic Differentiation (AAD) allows an extremely efficient calculation of correlation Risk of option prices computed with Monte Carlo simulations. A key point in the construction is the use of binning to simultaneously achieve computational efficiency and accurate confidence intervals. We illustrate the method for a copula-based Monte Carlo computation of claims written on a basket of underlying assets, and we test it numerically for Portfolio Default Options. For any number of underlying assets or names in a portfolio, the sensitivities of the option price with respect to all the pairwise correlations is obtained at a computational cost which is at most 4 times the cost of calculating the option value itself. For typical applications, this results in computational savings of several order of magnitudes with respect to standard methods.

Comments: 5 pages, 2 figures

Subjects: **Computational Finance (q-fin.CP)**

Journal reference: Risk Magazine, April 2010

Cite as: [arXiv:1004.1855v1](https://arxiv.org/abs/1004.1855v1) [q-fin.CP]

Submission history

From: Luca Capriotti [[view email](#)]

[v1] Sun, 11 Apr 2010 23:42:01 GMT (76kb,D)

[Which authors of this paper are endorsers?](#)

Link back to: [arXiv](#), [form interface](#), [contact](#).

Download:

- [PDF](#)
- [Other formats](#)

Current browse context:

q-fin.CP

[< prev](#) | [next >](#)

[new](#) | [recent](#) | [1004](#)

Change to browse by:

[q-fin](#)

References & Citations

- [NASA ADS](#)

Bookmark([what is this?](#))

