



Agricultural Journals

AGRICULTURAL ECONOMIC

Zemědělská ekonomie

[home](#) [page](#) [about us](#) [contact](#)

[us](#)

Table of Contents

IN PRESS

**AGRICECON
2014**

**AGRICECON
2013**

**AGRICECON
2012**

**AGRICECON
2011**

**AGRICECON
2010**

**AGRICECON
2009**

**AGRICECON
2008**

**AGRICECON
2007**

AGRICECON

2006
AGRICECON
2005
AGRICECON
2004
AGRICECON
2003
AGRICECON
2002
AGRICECON
Home

Editorial
Board

For Authors

- **Authors**
Declaration
- **Instruction**
to Authors
- **Guide for**
Authors
- **Copyright**
Statement
- **Submission**

For
Reviewers

Guides for
Reviewers

▪ **Reviewers
Login**

Subscription

Agric. Econ. – Czech

Štolbová M.: Comparative analysis of less-favoured areas payments in the EU states

Agric. Econ. – Czech, 53 (2007): 455-465

The core objectives for rural development support for the period 2007– 2013 are: (1) improving the competitiveness of agriculture and forestry, (2) improving the environment and the countryside, and (3) improving the quality of life in rural areas and encouraging the diversification of economic activity. The Council

Regulation (EC) No. 1698/2005 includes an unambiguous targeting of smaller and micro-enterprises to sustain job opportunity in rural areas. For this scheduled period, a minimum funding of 10% of the total EU contribution has been withheld by the Council Regulation for the measures connected with the quality of life and diversification of the rural economy outside agriculture and forestry. In spite of this, the EU Court of Auditors has concluded that rural development policy in Europe is ineffective because it continues to allow member states to adopt a predominantly sectoral approach with the primary focus on the agricultural sector (Special Report No. 17/2006). This paper deals with the possible impact of one RDP measure – the reduction of LFA payments according to farm size. Taking into account the variety of regions in Europe and the different situations at