

Agricultural Journals

AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

Zemědělská ekonomika

home page about us contact

Table of Contents

US

IN PRESS AGRICECON 2014 **AGRICECON** 2013 AGRICECON 2012 **AGRICECON** 2011 **AGRICECON** 2010 **AGRICECON** 2009 AGRICECON 2008 **AGRICECON** 2007 **AGRICECON**

AGRICECON 2005 AGRICECON 2004 AGRICECON 2003 AGRICECON 2002 AGRICECON Home

Editorial Board

For Authors

- Authors
 Declaration
- Instruction to Authors
- Guide for Authors
- Copyright
 Statement
- Submission

For Reviewers Reviewers Reviewers Login

Subscription

Agric. Econ. – Czech

Vukoje V., Dobrenov I.:

Financial position of food industry in vojvodina during transition period

Agric. Econ. – Czech, 57 (2011): 185-198

The paper analyzes the main indicators of the economic position of companies in the field of food industry in Vojvodina. The examined nine-year period coincides with the final stage of the ownership transformation in the Republic of Serbia. Given the length of the examined period,

מ כטווסוטבומטוב טבעמוטמנוטון טו נווב וומנוטוומו currency (60.6%) and a high inflation rate (125.7%), all values are shown in Euros. The increasing business activity in the period of interest is not accompanied by the appropriate financial effects. Food industry enterprises achieved a positive financial result for most of the years in the given period, but with modest profit rates (0.15-3.18%). Net working capital covers only 42.5% in average of the base stock, indicating an unfavourable financial structure and serious liquidity problems. An unacceptably high level of indebtness has been achieved (58.1%), which significantly reduces financial results due to the high financing expense. A further increase of export, combined with the recapitalization by the owners and a partial refinancing of credits, is the way to the companies' financial recovery.

Keywords:

food industry, transition, balance analysis, result, financial structure

[fulltext]

© 2011 Czech Academy of Agricultural

