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∴ Article details

Title: The juridical capacity of the minor in labour law and criminal law

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Keywords: juridical capacity, minor, labour law, criminal law

Abstract:

This paper refers to the juridical capacity of the minor in two branches oflaw: labour law and criminal law, making a comparison between the legalstipulations regarding the minor in these branches. According to the Labour Code, the natural person obtains the workcapacity when he/she attains the age of 16. By exception, the minor can conclude awork contract as an employee also at the age of 15, with the approval of his/herparents or legal representatives, in order to perform activities which are adequate to his/her physical development, aptitudes and knowledge, if by this his/her health, development and professional preparation are not jeopardized. Hiring a personunder the age of 15 is prohibited. In criminal law, penal liability begins at the age of 16. As an exception, theminor between 14 and 16 can be held liable for penal offence, but only if it isproved that he has committed the deed with discrimination. The minor under theage of 14 is not liable for penal offence.

Introduction:

Conclusions:

References:

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