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Journal Contents SEARCH	Does the recent evolution of Canadian mortality agree with the epidemiologic transition theory?	
Current Volume	Marie-Hélène Lussier	
Volumes	Robert Bourbeau Robert Choinière	
Articles		
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General Information		
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## Abstract

After studying the epidemiologic transition's situation in Canada, it is determined that the delimitation of temporal stages within the epidemiologic transition as put forward by Omran (1971, 1998), Olshansky and Ault (1986), Rogers and Hackenberg (1987) and Olshansky et al. (1998) does not suit the Canadian evolution. Many of the researchers' postulates on the epidemiologic transition were not confirmed, which leads us to assert that, since 1958, the epidemiologic transition is best described as an evolution process rather than specific stages confined within time limits.

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Keywords

Canada, causes of death, chronic diseases, epidemiologic transition, mortality, new variants of the theory

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