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Fathers and Youth's Delinquent Behavior

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Abstract:

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This paper analyzes the relationship between having one or more father figures and the likelihood that young people engaging delinquent criminal behavior. We pay particular attention to distinguishing the roles of residential and non-residential, biolog fathers as well as stepfathers. Using data from the National Longitudinal Study of Adolescent Health, we find that adolesce boys engage in more delinquent behavior if there is no father figure in their lives. However, adolescent girls' behavior is large independent of the presence (or absence) of their fathers. The strong effect of family structure is not explained by the lack paternal involvement that generally comes with fathers' absence, even though adolescents, especially boys, who spend tim doing things with their fathers usually have better outcomes. There is also a link between adult delinquent behavior and adolescent family structure that cannot be explained by fathers' involvement with their adolescent sons and is only partially explained by fathers' involvement with their adolescent daughters. Finally, the strong link between adolescent family structi and delinguent behavior is not accounted for by the income differentials associated with fathers' absence. Our results sugg that the presence of a father figure during adolescence is likely to have protective effects, particularly for males, in both adolescence and young adulthood.

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