

People

Research

Labor Policy

Publications

Discussion Papers

Policy Papers

Standpunkte

Books

Research Reports

IZA Compact

IZA in the Press

Publication Record

Journals

Events

IZA Prize / YLE Award

Teaching

Links / Resources

Press

IZA

Home

Search



IDSC

Site Map

by Joshua Healy, Kostas G. Mavromaras, Peter J. Sloane (October 2011)

Abstract:

Skill shortages are often portrayed as a major problem for the economies of many countries including the Australian econo Yet, there is surprisingly little evidence about their prevalence, causes and consequences. This paper attempts to improve understanding about these issues by using econometric methods to analyse the Business Longitudinal Database, an Australian panel data-set with information about skill shortages in small- and medium-sized businesses during 2004/05. W use this information to: (1) explore the incidence of skill shortages and the business attributes that are associated with the (2) identify which businesses face more complex skill shortages, as measured by the number of different causes reported simultaneously; and, uniquely, (3) examine how this complexity affects businesses' responses to skill shortages and aspe of their subsequent performance. We show that complex skill shortages are more likely than simpler (single-cause) skill shortages to persist and to trigger defensive responses from businesses. We reject the conception of skill shortages as a homogenous phenomenon, and demonstrate the importance of distinguishing between skill shortages according to whethe they have simple or complex causes.

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Text: See Discussion Paper No. 6097



Back

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