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Probabilistic

Parsing and

Top-Down

Language

Modeling



Brian Roark

Quarterly (March, June, September, December)

160pp. per issue

6 3/4 x 10

Founded: 1974

2018 Impact Factor: 1.319

2018 Google Scholar h5-index:

32

ISSN: 0891-2017

E-ISSN: 1530-9312

Journal Resources

Editorial Info Abstracting and Indexing Release Schedule Advertising Info Posted Online March 13, 2006 https://doi.org/10.1162/089120101750300526

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Computational Linguistics Volume 27 | Issue 2 | June 2001 p.249-276

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Abstract Authors

This paper describes the functioning of a broad-coverage probabilistic top-down parser, and its application to the problem of language modeling for speech recognition. The paper first introduces key notions in language modeling and probabilistic parsing, and briefly reviews some previous approaches to using syntactic structure for language modeling. A lexicalized probabilistic top-down parser is then presented, which performs very well, in terms of both the accuracy

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of returned parses and the efficiency with which they are found, relative to the best broadcoverage statistical parsers. A new language model that utilizes probabilistic top-down parsing is then outlined, and empirical results show that it improves upon previous work in test corpus perplexity. Interpolation with a trigram model yields an exceptional improvement relative to the improvement observed by other models, demonstrating the degree to which the information captured by our parsing model is orthogonal to that captured by a trigram model. A small recognition experiment also demonstrates the utility of the model.

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