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# Half-Context Language **Models**

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### Hinrich Schütze and Michael Walsh

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#### Abstract Authors

This article investigates the effects of different degrees of contextual granularity on language model performance. It presents a new language model that combines clustering and halfcontextualization, a novel representation of contexts. Half-contextualization is based on the half-context hypothesis that states that the distributional characteristics of a word or bigram are best represented by treating its context distribution to the left and right separately and that only directionally relevant distributional information should be used. Clustering is achieved using a new clustering algorithm for

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class-based language models that compares favorably to the exchange algorithm. When interpolated with a Kneser-Ney model, halfcontext models are shown to have better perplexity than commonly used interpolated ngram models and traditional class-based approaches. A novel, fine-grained, contextspecific analysis highlights those contexts in which the model performs well and those which are better treated by existing non-class-based models.

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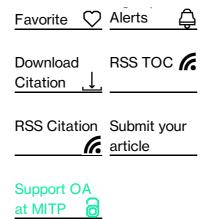
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