



汉武帝对贵州的管理经营

(《安顺学院学报》编辑部, 贵州 安顺 561000)

On the Management of Guizhou by Emperor Wudi of the Han Dynasty

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摘要 汉代是汉族与贵州各民族融合互进的第一个历史时期。汉王朝在贵州境内修筑南夷道、沿交通干线设置邮亭,加强了中央朝廷与贵州高原的联系,在一定程度上改变了贵州高原交通闭塞的面貌。汉族官吏、军伍、豪民进入贵州开发屯田,不仅巩固了汉王朝在贵州统治的社会基础,而且给生产力落后贵州带来了中原先进的生产工具和劳动技术,推动了贵州社会经济的发展进步。在沿南夷道干线出土的铜车马、“比五尺周一”铜澡盆、铁制工具、中原式印章等文物,说明迁徙的汉族已在贵州高原扎根繁衍。

关键词: 汉代 出土文物 南夷道 邮亭 汉族屯田 融合互进

Abstract: The Han Dynasty (206B.C.-220A.D) is the first historical period in which Han nationality unified and promoted with other nationalities in Guizhou. Nanyi road was built and postal kiosks constructed along the main lines of communication, which had strengthened the contact between the central court and Guizhou, and changed the situation of traffic block in Guizhou plateau to a certain extent. The officials and wealthy people of the Han Dynasty developed Guizhou and had garrison troops or peasants open up wasteland and grow food grain. They not only consolidated the social foundation of the rule by the Han dynasty in Guizhou, but also brought their advanced production tools and labor technology from the central plains of China, which promoted the development and progress of social economy in Guizhou. Along the Nanyi road, the cultural relics such as the unearthed copper cart and horse, bath basin whose circumference is five feet, iron tools, seals of the central plain type, etc indicated that the migrated Han Nationality had settled down and multiplied in Guizhou plateau.

Key words: the Han Dynasty (206B.C.-220A.D) cultural relics Nanyi road; postal kiosk; opening up wasteland and growing food grain by garrison troops or peasants of the Han nationality; unifying and promoting each other

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