



Borel's Conjecture in Topological Groups

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We introduce a natural generalization of Borel's Conjecture. For each infinite cardinal number κ , let BC_κ denote this generalization. Then BC_{\aleph_0} is equivalent to the classical Borel conjecture. Assuming the classical Borel conjecture, $\neg \text{BC}_{\aleph_1}$ is equivalent to the existence of a Kurepa tree of height \aleph_1 . Using the connection of BC_κ with a generalization of Kurepa's Hypothesis, we obtain the following consistency results:

- (1) If it is consistent that there is a 1-inaccessible cardinal then it is consistent that BC_{\aleph_1} .
- (2) If it is consistent that BC_{\aleph_1} holds, then it is consistent that there is an inaccessible cardinal.
- (3) If it is consistent that there is a 1-inaccessible cardinal with ω inaccessible cardinals above it, then $\neg \text{BC}_{\aleph_{\omega}}$, $+$, $(\forall n < \omega) \text{BC}_{\aleph_n}$ is consistent.
- (4) If it is consistent that there is a 2-huge cardinal, then it is consistent that $\text{BC}_{\aleph_{\omega}}$.
- (5) If it is consistent that there is a 3-huge cardinal, then it is consistent that BC_κ holds for a proper class of cardinals κ of countable cofinality.

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