Nonlinear Sciences > Chaotic Dynamics

Periodic-orbit analysis and scaling laws of intermingled basins of attraction in an ecological dynamical system

Rodrigo Frehse Pereira, Sabrina Camargo, Sandro Ely de Souza Pinto, Sergio R. Lopes, Ricardo L. Viana

(Submitted on 12 Nov 2009)

Chaotic dynamical systems with two or more attractors lying on invariant subspaces may, provided certain mathematical conditions are fulfilled, exhibit intermingled basins of attraction: Each basin is riddled with holes belonging to basins of the other attractors. In order to investigate the occurrence of such phenomenon in dynamical systems of ecological interest (two-species competition with extinction) we have characterized quantitatively the intermingled basins using periodic-orbit theory and scaling laws. The latter results agree with a theoretical prediction from a stochastic model, and also with an exact result for the scaling exponent we derived for the specific class of models investigated. We discuss the consequences of the scaling laws in terms of the predictability of a final state (extinction of either species) in an ecological experiment.

Comments:	24 pages (preprint format), 6 figures
Subjects:	Chaotic Dynamics (nlin.CD)
Journal reference:	Phys. Rev. E, 78:056214(10) (2008)
DOI:	10.1103/PhysRevE.78.056214
Cite as:	arXiv:0911.2362v1 [nlin.CD]

Submission history

From: Sandro Ely de Souza Pinto [view email] [v1] Thu, 12 Nov 2009 18:24:19 GMT (574kb,P)

Which authors of this paper are endorsers?

Link back to: arXiv, form interface, contact.

Download:

- PDF
- PostScript

Current browse context: nlin.CD < prev | next > new | recent | 0911

Change to browse by:

nlin

References & Citations

• CiteBase

Bookmark(what is this?)	
CiteULike logo	
Connotea logo	
BibSonomy logo	
Mendeley logo	
Facebook logo	
🗙 del.icio.us logo	
Digg logo Reddit logo	