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论文

一个Bottleneck问题及其算法

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摘要:

在文[1]中,提出了下面的数学模型:模型 II .求- $X=(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$ 满足下列约束条件  $\sum_{j=1}^n x_j = m$  ( $m \geq n$  且为整数),  $x_j \geq 1$  且为整数,  $j=1, 2, \dots, n$ ,

关键词:

## A BOTTLENECK PROBLEM AND ITS ALGORITHM

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Abstract:

In this paper we discuss the following mathematical model I : Find an  $X=(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$  satisfying the constraint  $\sum_{j=1}^n x_j = m$  ( $m \geq n$  integer)  $x_j \geq 1$  integer,  $j=1, 2, \dots, n$  such that the objective function  $y = \min_{1 \leq j \leq n} \{C_j x_j\}$  achieves the maximum, where  $C_j$  ( $j=1, 2, \dots, n$ ) are positive constants. Without loss of generality, we may assume that  $c_1 \leq c_2 \leq \dots \leq c_n$ . The main result is: Theorem 1. For the model I there exists necessarily an optimal solution  $X=(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n)$  satisfying the following condition  $c_k(x_{k-1}) \leq \min_{1 \leq j \leq n} \{C_j x_j\} \quad k=1, 2, \dots, n$ . (1) Moreover, every feasible solution satisfying condition (1) is necessarily an optimal solution. A procedure of the quasi-polynomial algorithm is established for finding an optimal solution to the model I .

Keywords:

收稿日期 修回日期 网络版发布日期

DOI:

基金项目:

通讯作者:

作者简介:

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