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The k -Derivation of a Gamma-Ring

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Abstract: In this paper, the k -derivation is defined on a Γ -ring M (that is, if M is a Γ -ring, $d: M \rightarrow M$ and $k: \Gamma \rightarrow \Gamma$ are to additive maps such that $d(a\beta b) = d(a)\beta b + ak(\beta)b + a\beta d(b)$ for all $a, b \in M, \beta \in \Gamma$, then d is called a k -derivation of M) and the following results are proved. (1) Let R be a ring of characteristic not equal to 2 such that if $xry=0$ for all $x, y \in R$ then $r=0$. If d is a k -derivation of the $(R=)\Gamma$ -ring R with $k=d$, then d is the ordinary derivation of R . (2) Let M be a nonzero prime Γ -ring of characteristic not equal to 2, γ be an element of Γ and a is an element in M such that $[[x, a]_{\gamma}, a]_{\gamma} = 0$ for all $x \in M$. Then $a\gamma a = 0$ or $a \in C_{\gamma}$. (3) Let M be a prime Γ -ring with $\text{Char} M \neq 2$, d be a nonzero k -derivation of M , γ be a nonzero element of Γ and $k(\gamma) \neq 0$. If $d(M) \subseteq C_{\gamma}$, then M is a commutative Γ -ring.

Key Words: k -derivation, derivation, commutativity, gamma-ring.

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