



Analogue of the Duistermaat-van der Kallen Theorem for Group Algebras

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Let G be a group, R an integral domain, and VG the R -subspace of the group algebra $R[G]$ consisting of all the elements of $R[G]$ whose coefficient of the identity element $1G$ of G is equal to zero. Motivated by the Mathieu conjecture [M], the Duistermaatvan der Kallen theorem [DK], and also by recent studies on the notion of Mathieu subspaces introduced in [Z4] and [Z6], we show that for finite groups G , VG under certain conditions also forms a Mathieu subspace of the group algebra $R[G]$. We also show that for the free abelian groups $G = \mathbb{Z}^n$ ($n \geq 1$) and any integral domain R of positive characteristic, VG fails to be a Mathieu subspace of $R[G]$, which is equivalent to saying that the Duistermaat-van der Kallen theorem [DK] cannot be generalized to any field or integral domain of positive characteristic.

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