



Mathematics > Analysis of PDEs

Well-posedness for the fifth-order KdV equation in the energy space

Carlos E. Kenig, Didier Pilod

(Submitted on 1 May 2012 (v1), last revised 23 Jun 2012 (this version, v3))

We prove that the initial value problem (IVP) associated to the fifth order KdV equation
$$\partial_t u - \alpha \partial_x^5 u = c_1 \partial_x u \partial_x^2 u + c_2 \partial_x (u \partial_x^2 u) + c_3 \partial_x (u^3),$$
 where $x \in \mathbb{R}$, $t \in \mathbb{R}$, $u = u(x, t)$ is a real-valued function and α, c_1, c_2, c_3 are real constants with $\alpha \neq 0$, is locally well-posed in $H^s(\mathbb{R})$ for $s \geq 2$. In the Hamiltonian case (i.e. when $c_1 = c_2$), the IVP associated to \leq ref $\{05KdV\}$ is then globally well-posed in the energy space $H^2(\mathbb{R})$.

Comments: We corrected a few typos and fixed a technical mistake in the proof of Lemma 6.3. We also changed a comment on the work of Guo, Kwak and Kwon on the same subject according to the new version they posted recently on the arXiv ([arXiv:1205.0850v2](#))

Subjects: **Analysis of PDEs (math.AP)**

MSC classes: 35Q53, 35Q35, 35A01, 37K05, 76B15

Cite as: [arXiv:1205.0169 \[math.AP\]](#)
(or [arXiv:1205.0169v3 \[math.AP\]](#) for this version)

Submission history

From: Didier Pilod [[view email](#)]

[v1] Tue, 1 May 2012 14:22:10 GMT (43kb)

[v2] Thu, 3 May 2012 20:04:04 GMT (43kb)

[v3] Sat, 23 Jun 2012 16:50:31 GMT (44kb)

[Which authors of this paper are endorsers?](#)

Download:

- [PDF](#)
- [PostScript](#)
- [Other formats](#)

Current browse context:

math.AP

[< prev](#) | [next >](#)

[new](#) | [recent](#) | [1205](#)

Change to browse by:

[math](#)

References & Citations

- [NASA ADS](#)

Bookmark ([what is this?](#))

