Original Articles

Uniform Convergence Rate of Estimators of Autocovariances in Partly Linear Regression Models with **Correlated Errors**

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摘要 Consider the partly linear regression model $y_i = x'_i\beta + g(t_i) + \varepsilon_i$, $1 \le i \le n$, where y_i 's are responses, $x_i = z'_i\beta + g(t_i) + \varepsilon_i$ $(x_i i_1, x_i i_2, ..., x_i p)'$ and $t_i \in T$ are known and nonrandom design T is a compact set in the real line R, $\beta = (\beta_1, ..., \beta_i)$ β_p)' is an unknown parameter vector, g(·) is an unknown function and $\{\varepsilon_i\}$ is a linear process, i.e., $\varepsilon_i = \sum \text{from } j = 0$ to ∞ of $\psi_j \mathbf{e}_j \mathbf{i} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{j}, \psi_j \mathbf{0} = 1, \Sigma$ from $\mathbf{j} = 0$ to ∞ of $|\psi_j| < \infty$, where \mathbf{e}_j are i.i.d. random variables with zero mean and variance $\sigma_e \sim 2$. Drawing upon B-spline estimation of $g(\cdot)$ and least squares estimation of β , we construct estimators of the autocovariances of $\{\epsilon_i\}$. The uniform strong convergence rate of these estimators to their true values is then established. These results not only are a compensation for those of [23], but also have some application in modeling error structure. When the errors $\{\varepsilon_i\}$ are an ARMA process, out result can be used to develop a consistent procedure for determining the order of the ARMA process and identifying the non-zero coefficients of the process. Moreover, our result can be used to construct the asymptotically efficient estimators for parameters in the ARMA error process.

关键词 uniform strong convergence rate

分类号

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Key words <u>uniform strong convergence rate</u>

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