## On Pattern Avoiding Alternating Permutations

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Abstract: An alternating permutation of length $n$ is a permutation $\pi=\pi_{1} \pi_{2} \ldots \pi_{n}$ such that $\pi_{1}<\pi_{2}>\pi_{3}<\pi_{4}>\ldots$. Let $A_{n}$ denote the set of alternating permutations of $\{1,2, \ldots, n\}$, and let $A_{n}(\sigma)$ be the set of alternating permutations in $A_{n}$ that avoid a pattern $\sigma$. Recently, Lewis used generating trees to enumerate $A_{2 n}(1234), A_{2 n}(2143)$ and $A_{2 n+1}(2143)$, and he posed some conjectures on the Wilf-equivalence of alternating permutations avoiding certain patterns of length four. Some of these conjectures have been proved by Bóna, Xu and Yan. In this paper, we prove two conjectured relations $\left|A_{2 n+1}(1243)\right|=\left|A_{2 n+1}(2143)\right|$ and $\left|A_{2 n}(4312)\right|=\left|A_{2 n}(1234)\right|$.

## AMS Classification: 05A05, 05A15

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