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Convergence of Weighted Min-Sum Decoding Via Dynamic Programming on Trees

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(Submitted on 15 Jul 2011)

Applying the max-product (and belief-propagation) algorithms to loopy graphs is now quite popular for best assignment problems. This is largely due to their low computational complexity and impressive performance in practice. Still, there is no general understanding of the conditions required for convergence and/or the optimality of converged solutions. This paper presents an analysis of both attenuated max-product (AMP) decoding and weighted min-sum (WMS) decoding for LDPC codes which guarantees convergence to a fixed point when a weight parameter, β , is sufficiently small. It also shows that, if the fixed point satisfies some consistency conditions, then it must be both the linear-programming (LP) and maximum-likelihood (ML) solution. For (d_v, d_c) -regular LDPC codes, the weight must satisfy $\beta^{d_v-1} \leq 1$ whereas the results proposed by Frey and Koetter require instead that $\beta^{d_v-1} d_c < 1$. A counterexample which shows a fixed point might not be the ML solution if $\beta^{d_v-1} > 1$ is also given. Finally, connections are explored with recent work by Arora et al. on the threshold of LP decoding.

Comments: 43 pages, 3 figures

Subjects: **Information Theory (cs.IT)**

Cite as: **arXiv:1107.3177 [cs.IT]**
(or **arXiv:1107.3177v1 [cs.IT]** for this version)

Submission history

From: Yung-Yih Jian [[view email](#)]

[v1] Fri, 15 Jul 2011 22:58:53 GMT (68kb)

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