论文

## 具有脉冲效应和综合害虫控制的捕食系统

张树文(1), 陈兰荪(2)

(1)鞍山师范学院生物数学研究所, 鞍山 114005;(2)中国科学院数学与系统科学研究院数学研究所, 北京 100080

收稿日期 修回日期 网络版发布日期 接受日期

摘要 本文通过生物控制和化学控制提出了具有周期脉冲效应与害虫控制的捕食系统. 系统保护天敌避免灭绝, 在一些条件下可以使害虫灭绝. 就是说

当脉冲周期小于某一临界值时,存在全局稳定害虫灭绝周期解. 脉冲周期增大大于临界值时, 平凡害虫灭绝周期解失去稳定性并产生正周期解,利用

分支理论来研究正周期解的存在性.进而,利用李雅普诺夫函数和比较定理确定了持续生存的条件.

关键词 生物控制 捕食者-食饵系统 脉冲效应 分支

分类号

# PREDATOR-PREY SYSTEM WITH IMPULSIVE EFFECT AND INTEGRATED PEST CONTROL

Zhang Shuwen(1),Chen Lansun(2)

(1)Institude of Biomathematics, Anshan Normal University, Anshan 114005;(2)Institute of Mathematics, Academy of Mathematics And Systems Science, Academia Sinica, Beijing 100080

Abstract In this paper, predator-prey systems with periodic impulsive effect concerning pest control are proposed through biological control and chemical control. The model has the potential to protect natural enemies from extinction, but under some conditions may also serve to demonstrate the extinction of the pest, that is, there exists a global stable pest-eradication periodic solution when the impulsive period is less than some critical values. When the impulsive period increase, the trivial periodic pest-eradication solution loses its stability and a positive periodic solution comes out. The existence of a positive periodic solution is also studied by the bifurcation theory. Conditions for permanence is established via the method of comparison involving multiple Liapuno\$\grave{\rm v}\$ functions.

**Key words** Biological control predator-prey system impulsive effect bifurcation

DOI:

通讯作者

## 扩展功能

#### 本文信息

- ▶ Supporting info
- ▶ **PDF**(485KB)
- ▶[HTML全文](0KB)
- ▶参考文献

#### 服务与反馈

- ▶把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶加入我的书架
- ▶加入引用管理器
- ▶复制索引
- ► Email Alert
- ▶文章反馈
- ▶ 浏览反馈信息

### 相关信息

▶<u>本刊中 包含"生物控制"的</u> 相关文章

▶本文作者相关文章

- · 张树文
- ・ 陈兰荪