N₂O在142.5-147.5 nm射流冷却吸收光谱揭示的解离动力学

Dissociation Dynamics of Nitrous Oxide from Jet-cooling Absorption Spectrum in 142.5-147.5 nm

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中文关键词 吸收光谱 解离动力学 傅立叶变换 一氧化二氮

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中文摘要

在射流冷却分子束下,测量了142.5~147.5 nm,Q分子C¹口态的吸收光谱,观测到清晰的振动序列结构,振动频率间隔约为500 cm⁻¹. 结合理论计算的电子态势能面结构,这个振动序列被标识为解离电子态C¹口的等地振动激发. 傅立叶变换得到了相应的轨道周期为65 fs,而通过Lorentzian线型拟合获得了各振动峰对应的能级寿命约为20 fs.

英文摘要

The absorption spectrum of the $C^{1\Pi}$ state of N_2O molecule in the wavelength range of $142.5\sim147.5$ nm has been measured under the jet-cooled condition, and the clear spectral features are displayed. A vibrational progression is observed with a frequency interval of about 500 cm⁻¹. With the aid of potential energy surfaces (PES) of the low-lying electronic states of N_2O , the vibrational progression is assigned as the bending mode of the repulsive $C^{1\Pi}$ state. From the Fourier transformation analysis, the recurrence period of the peri-odic orbit near the transition state region is derived to be 65 fs. Through the least-square Lorentzian fitting, the lifetimes of the resonance levels are estimated from their profile widths to be about 20 fs, which is shorter than the recurrence

period. Therefore, a new explanation is suggested for the observed diffuse spectral structure, based on the behavior of dissociating N₂O on PES of the C^{1 Π} state in the present excitation energy range.

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