

## Formation Mechanism and Binding Energy for Icosahedral Central Structure of $\text{He}_{13}^+$ Cluster

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**Abstract:** The formation mechanism for the icosahedral central structure of the  $\text{He}_{13}^+$  cluster is proposed and its total energy curve is calculated by the method of a Modified Arrangement Channel Quantum Mechanics. The energy is the function of separation  $R$  between two nuclei at the center and an apex of the icosahedral central structure. The result of the calculation has shown that the curve has a minimal energy  $-37.5765$  (a.u.) at  $R=2.70a_0$ . The binding energy of  $\text{He}_{13}^+$  with respect to  $\text{He}^+ + 12\text{He}$  was calculated to be  $1.4046$  a.u. This means that the cluster of  $\text{He}_{13}^+$  may be formed in an icosahedral central structure with strong binding energy.

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Key words:  $\text{He}_{13}^+$  cluster, binding energy, icosahedral central structure

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