## 2004 Vol. 41 No. 5 pp. 746-750 DOI:

Influence of Chiral Mean Field on Kaon In-plane Flow in Heavy Ion Collisions ZHENG Yu-Ming, <sup>1,2,3</sup> FUCHS Christian, <sup>4</sup> FAESSLER Amand, <sup>4</sup> SHEKHTER Kirril, <sup>4</sup> SRISAWAD Pornrad, <sup>5</sup> KOBDAJ Chinorat, <sup>5</sup> and YAN Yu-Peng<sup>5</sup>

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Abstract: The influence of the chiral mean field on the K<sup>+</sup> in-plane flow in heavy ion collisions at SIS energy is investigated within covariant kaon dynamics. For the kaon mesons inside the nuclear medium a quasi-particle picture including scalar and vector fields is adopted and compared to the standard treatment with a static potential. It is confirmed that a Lorentz force from spatial component of the vector field provides an important contribution to the in-medium kaon dynamics and strongly counterbalances the influence of the vector potential on the K<sup>+</sup> in-plane flow. The calculated results show that the new FOPI data can be reasonably described using the Brown & Rho parametrization, which partly takes into account the correction of higher order contributions in the chiral expansion. This indicates that one can abstract the information on the kaon potential in a nuclear medium from the analysis of the K<sup>+</sup> in-plane flow.

PACS: 25.75.+r Key words: kaon in-plane flow, kaon mean field, covariant kaon dynamics, heavy ion collision

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