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Formation Mechanism and Binding Energy for Equilateral Triangle Structure of $\mathrm{He}_{3}{ }^{+}$ Cluster

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Abstract: The formation mechanismfor the equilateral triangle structure of the $\mathrm{He}_{3}{ }^{+}$cluster is proposed. The curve of the total energy versus the internuclear distance R for this structure has been calculated by the method of a modified arrangement channel quantum mechanics. The result shows that the curve has a minimal 7.81373 a. u at $R=1.55 a_{0}$. The binding energy of $\mathrm{He}_{3}{ }^{+}$with respect to $\mathrm{He}+\mathrm{He}^{+}+\mathrm{He}$ was calculated to be 0.1064 a. u. (about 2.89 eV ). This means that the $\mathrm{He}_{3}{ }^{+}$cluster may be formed in the equilateral triangle structure stably by the interaction of $\mathrm{He}^{+}$with two helium atoms.

PaCs: 36.40, 34.20
Key words: $\mathrm{He}_{3}{ }^{+}$cluster, binding energy, equilateral triangle structure
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