

Energy as Entanglement Witness in Bilinear-Biquadratic Spin-1 Chain

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Abstract: Energy is introduced as an entanglement witness to describe the entanglement property of a quantum system. The thermal equilibrium system is guaranteed to be entangled when system is cooled down below the entanglement temperature T_E . By virtue of this concept we exploit the minimum separable state energy and entanglement temperature T_E of the bilinear-biquadratic antiferromagnetic spin-1 chain model. We numerically calculate T_E for arbitrary values of the strength of biquadratic exchange interaction Q up to $N=7$. We find T_E decreases with Q for fixed N when Q is between -3 and $1/3$ ($J=1$). In this regime T_E also decreases with N for fixed Q and varies slowly for large N . While the thermal system is always entangled when Q is smaller than -3 .

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