2002 Vol. 38 No. 1 pp. 125-127 DOI:

Escape and Stand of the Pluto Atmosphere

GAO Chong-Yi

School of Physical Science and Technology, Lanzhou University, Lanzhou 730000, China (Received: 2001-8-2; Revised: 2001-12-31)

Abstract: Molar mass μ_{min} of the lightest gas, which will exist ``forever'' in the atmosphere at the planet surface, can be evaluated by Jeans rule. The μ_{min} of Pluto is 17.3 g·mol⁻¹. It is evident that both N₂ and CO can be major atmospheric composition at the Pluto surface, and will exist "forever". CH₄ can only be escaping slowly from Pluto atmosphere, and still holds quite a proportion in current Pluto atmosphere. However, it will not escape from Titan (or Jupiter, Saturn) atmosphere largely, and will exist "forever". Given the quantity level of partial pressure of CH₄ in Pluto and Titan (or Jupiter, Saturn) original atmosphere is the same, it will be clear that the current partial pressure of CH₄ in Pluto surface atmosphere is 10⁻³ Pa.

PACS: 96.35.Hv, 96.30.Sn, 96.35.Er Key words: planet atmosphere, Pluto atmosphere, Jeans rule, atmospheric composition, escape

[Full text: PDF]

Close