

## A Method to Solve the Schrödinger Equation for Any Power Hypercentral Potentials

A. A. Rajabi

Physics Department, Shahrood University of Technology, P.O. Box 3619995161-316, Shahrood, Iran  
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Abstract: An exact closed form of solution to the hyperradial Schrödinger equation is constructed for any general case comprising any hypercentral power and inverse-power potential. The hypercentral potential depends only on the hyperradius, which itself is a function of Jacobi relative coordinates that are functions of particle positions ( $r_1, r_2, \dots, r_N$ ). This article is mainly devoted to the demonstration of the fact that any  $\psi$  of the form  $\psi = \text{power series} \times \exp(\text{polynomial}) = [f(x)\exp(g(x))]$  is potentially a solution of the Schrödinger equation, where the polynomial  $g(x)$  is an ansatz depending on the interaction potential.

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Key words: power, hypercentral potential, Schrödinger equation

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