## 2007 Vol. 47 No. 4 pp. 759-764 DOI:

Self-organized Criticality in an Integrate-and-Fire Neuron Model Based on Modified Aging Networks

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Abstract: Based on an integrate-and-fire mechanism, we investigate self-organized criticality of a simple neuron model on a modified BA scale-free network with aging nodes. In our model, we find that the distribution of avalanche size follows power-law behavior. The critical exponent  $\tau$  depends on the aging exponent  $\alpha$ . The structures of the network with aging of nodes change with an increase of  $\alpha$ . The different topological structures lead to different behaviors in models of integrate-and-fire neurons.

PACS: 87.10.+e, 05.65.+b, 45.70.Ht Key words: self-organized criticality, avalanche, aging

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