



Initial value problems in Clifford-type analysis

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(Submitted on 18 Jun 2011)

We consider an initial value problem of type $\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} = \mathcal{F}(t, x, u, \frac{\partial u}{\partial x})$, $u(0, x) = \phi(x)$, where t is the time, $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$ and u_0 is a Clifford type algebra-valued function satisfying $\sum_{j=0}^n \lambda_j(x) e_j \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_j} = 0$, $\lambda_j(x) \in \mathbb{R}$ for all j . We will solve this problem using the technique of associated spaces. In order to do that, we give sufficient conditions on the coefficients of the operators \mathcal{F} and \mathcal{D} , where $\mathcal{F}(u) = \sum_{i=0}^n A^{(i)}(x) \frac{\partial u}{\partial x_i}$ for $A^{(i)}(x) \in \mathbb{R}$ or $A^{(i)}(x)$ belonging to a Clifford-type algebra, such that these operators are an associated pair.

Subjects: **Complex Variables (math.CV)**; Mathematical Physics (math-ph)

MSC classes: 35F10, 35A10, 15A66

Cite as: **arXiv:1106.3611 [math.CV]**

(or **arXiv:1106.3611v1 [math.CV]** for this version)

Submission history

From: Carmen Judith Vanegas [view email]

[v1] Sat, 18 Jun 2011 03:42:57 GMT (9kb)

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