2006 Vol. 46 No. 1 pp. 155-160 DOI:

Quantum-Mechanical Study of Small Au_2Pd_n (n=1 \sim 4) Clusters

GUO Jian-Jun, YANG Ji-Xian, and DIE Dong

Institute of Applied Physics, Xihua University, Chengdu 610039, China (Received: 2005-10-19; Revised: 2006-2-8)

Abstract: Gold-doped palladium clusters, Au_2Pd_n (n=1~4), are investigated using the density functional method B3LYP with relativistic effective core potentials (RECP) and LANL2DZ basis set. The possible geometrical configurations with their electronic states are determined, and the stability trend is investigated. Several low-lying isomers are determined, and many of them are in electronic configurations with a high-spin multiplicity. Our results indicate that the palladium-gold interaction is strong enough to modify the known pattern of bare palladium clusters, and the lower stability as the structures grow in size. The present calculations are useful to understanding the enhanced catalytic activity and selectivity gained by using golddoped palladium catalyst.

PACS: 61.46.+w, 71.24.+q, 31.15.ct Key words: Au-Pd clusters, geometrical configuration, density functional method

[Full text: PDF]

Close