

Quark-Antiquark and Diquark Condensates in Vacuum in a 3D Two-Flavor Gross-Neveu Model

ZHOU Bang-Rong

College of Physical Sciences, Graduate School of the Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049, China

CCAST (World Laboratory), P.O. Box 8730, Beijing 100080, China

(Received: 2006-7-24; Revised:)

Abstract: The effective potential analysis indicates that, in a 3D two-flavor Gross-Neveu model in vacuum, depending on whether G_S/H_p is less or bigger than the critical value $2/3$, where G_S and H_p are respectively the coupling constants of scalar quark-antiquark channel and pseudoscalar diquark channel, the system will have the ground state with pure diquark condensates or with pure quark-antiquark condensates, but never with coexistence of the two forms of condensates. The similarities and differences in the interplay between the quark-antiquark and the diquark condensates in vacuum in the 2D, 3D and 4D two-flavor four-fermion interaction models are summarized.

PACS: 12.38.Aw, 12.38.Lg, 12.10.Dm, 11.15.Pg

Key words: 3D Gross-Neveu model, quark-antiquark and diquark condensates, effective potential

[\[Full text: PDF\]](#)

Close