## 2007 Vol. 47 No. 1 pp. 95-101 DOI:

Interplay Between Quark-Antiquark and Diquark Condensates in Vacuum in a Two-Flavor Nambu-Jona-Lasinio Model

ZHOU Bang-Rong

College of Physical Sciences, Graduate School of the Chinese Academy of Sciences, Beijing 100049, China CCAST (World Laboratory) P.O. Box 8730, Beijing 100080, China (Received: 2006-4-24; Revised: )

Abstract: By means of a relativistic effective potential, we analytically research competition between the quark-antiquark condensates  $\langle \overline{q}q\rangle$  and the diquark condensates  $\langle qq\rangle$  in vacuum in ground state of a two-flavor Nambu-Jona-Lasinio (NJL) model and obtain the  $G_S$ -H $_S$  phase diagram, where  $G_S$  and  $H_S$  are the respective four-fermion coupling constants in scalar quark-antiquark channel and scalar color anti-triplet diquark channel. The results show that, in the chiral limit, there is only the pure  $\langle \overline{q}q\rangle$  phase when  $G_S/H_S{>}2/3$ , and as  $G_S/H_S$  decreases to  $2/3{>}G_S/H_S{>}0$  one will first have a coexistence phase of the condensates  $\langle \overline{q}q\rangle$  and  $\langle qq\rangle$  and then a pure  $\langle qq\rangle$  phase. In non-zero bare quark mass case, the critical value of  $G_S/H_S$  at which the pure  $\langle \overline{q}q\rangle$  phase will transfer to the coexistence phase of the condensates  $\langle \overline{q}q\rangle$  and  $\langle qq\rangle$  will be less than 2/3. Our theoretical results, combined with present phenomenological fact that there is no diquark condensates in the vacuum of QCD, will also impose a real restriction to any given two-flavor NJL model which is intended to simulate QCD, i.e. in such model the resulting smallest ratio  $G_S/H_S$  after the Fierz transformations in the Hartree approximation must be larger than 2/3. A few phenomenological QCD-like NJL models are checked and analyzed.

PACS: 12.38.Aw, 11.30.Rd, 12.38.Lg, 11.15.Pg Key words: Nambu-Jona-Lasinio model, quark-antiquark condensates, diquark condensates, effective potential, chiral symmetry breaking, color-superconductivity

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