5641/O4 首页 当期目录 上一期

## 粒子天体物理与宇宙学

Plasma neutrino energy loss due to the axial-vector current at the late stages of stellar evolution

刘晶晶

Department of Physics, Qiongzhou University, Wuzhishan 572200, China 收稿日期 2008-10-20 修回日期 2008-12-20 网络版发布日期 2009-9-3 接受日期 2009-9-3

摘要

Based on the Weinberg-Salam theory, the plasma neutrino energy loss rates of vector and axial-vector contributions are studied. A ratable factor of the rates from the axialvector current relative to those of the total neutrino energy loss rates is accurately calculated. The results show that the ratable factor will reach a maximum of 0.95 or even more at relatively higher temperature and lower density (such as  $\rho\mu_e < 10^7 \text{g/cm}^3$ ). Thus the rates of the axial-vector contribution cannot be neglected. On the other hand, the rates of the axial-vector contribution are on the order of ~0.01% of the total vector contribution, which is in good agreement with Itoh's at relatively high density (such as  $\rho\mu_a > 10^7$  g/cm<sup>3</sup>) and a temperature of  $T \le 10^{11} \text{K}.$ 

## 扩展功能

## 本文信息

- Supporting info
- ► PDF (1185KB)
- ► [HTML全文](OKB)
- ▶ <u>参考文献[PDF]</u>
- ▶参考文献

## 服务与反馈

- ▶把本文推荐给朋友
- ▶加入我的书架
- ▶加入引用管理器
- ▶引用本文
- ▶ Email Alert

相关信息

▶ 本刊中 包含"

Weinberg-Salam theory, plasma neutrino energy loss, stellar evolution

"的 相关文章

本文作者相关文章

· 刘晶晶

关键词

Weinberg-Salam theory, plasma neutrino energy loss, stellar evolution