

with a large scattering length

arXiv.org > nucl-th > arXiv:1106.3837

Nuclear Theory

Search or Article-id

(<u>Help</u> | <u>Advance</u> All papers

Download:

- PDF
- Other formats

Current browse cont nucl-th

- < prev | next >
- new | recent | 1106

Change to browse b

cond-mat cond-mat.quant-gas

References & Citatio

- INSPIRE HEP
- (refers to | cited by)
- NASA ADS

Bookmark(what is this?)

Chen Ji, Daniel R. Phillips, Lucas Platter (Submitted on 20 Jun 2011 (v1), last revised 21 Mar 2012 (this version, v2)) We analyze how corrections linear in the effective range, r_0, affect quantities in the three-body sector within an effective field theory for short-range interactions. We demonstrate that observables can be obtained straightforwardly using a perturbative expansion in powers of r_0. In particular, we show that two linear-in-r_0 counterterms are needed for renormalization at this order if scattering-

The three-boson system at next-to-leading

order in an effective field theory for systems

length-dependent observables are considered. We exemplify the implications of this result using various three-body observables. Analytic results for the running of the next-to-leading-order portion of the three-body force in this effective field theory are provided. Expressions which incorporate O (r_0) corrections and relate the positions of features observed in three-atom recombination near a Feshbach resonance are presented.

Comments:revtex4, 30 pages, 6figures, version2 accepted for publication in Annals of
Physics, section on universal relations at NLO rewrittenSubjects:Nuclear Theory (nucl-th); Quantum Gases (cond-mat.quant-gas)DOI:10.1016/j.aop.2012.02.001Report number:INT-PUB-11-026Cite as:arXiv:1106.3837 [nucl-th]
(or arXiv:1106.3837v2 [nucl-th] for this version)

Submission history

From: Lucas Platter [view email] [v1] Mon, 20 Jun 2011 08:23:16 GMT (55kb,D) [v2] Wed, 21 Mar 2012 07:49:07 GMT (92kb,D)

Which authors of this paper are endorsers?

Link back to: arXiv, form interface, contact.