

技术及应用

基于二维查找表的SET耦合注入方法

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摘要 随着器件特征尺寸的减小, 利用独立电流源进行单粒子瞬态 (Single Event Transient, SET) 注入的方法与实际脉冲存在很大误差, 器件/电路混合模拟能与实际较好符合, 但在大规模组合逻辑的软错误率分析中使用器件/电路混合模拟非常耗时, 急需电路级快速的SET注入方法。针对0.18 μm CMOS反相器构建了基于二维查找表的SET耦合注入方法, 并与器件/电路混合模拟的结果进行比较。结果发现: 基于二维查找表的SET耦合注入方法与器件/电路混合模拟方法的结果比较符合, 而仿真速度比器件/电路混合模拟快3个数量级。

关键词 [单粒子瞬态](#) [二维查找表](#) [混合模拟](#)

分类号

Coupled SET Pulse Injection Method Based on 2D Look-up Table

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Abstract With technology feature sizes decreasing, dependent current source method is checked to induce great difference from practical SET pulses. Results consistent with experiment s can be obtained by mixed-mode simulation. However, mixed-mode simulation is proved t o be time-consuming in soft errors analysis of large scale combinational logic circuits. Accordi ngly, circuit-level fast SET pulse injection method is needed. This paper implemented couple d SET pulse injection method based on 2D look-up table for 0.18 μm CMOS inverter. It is p roved that coupled SET pulse injection results comply with mixed-mode simulation results wel l. Moreover, coupled SET pulse injection is three orders faster than mixed-mode simulation.

Key words [SET](#) [2D](#) [look-up](#) [table](#) [mixed-mode](#) [simulation](#)

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