

DMF-H₂O缔合体系的¹H NMR研究

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摘要 DMF水溶液是一种生物分子水溶液的简单生化模型。测量了DMF-H₂O体系不同温度下全浓度范围的¹H NMR数据,对体系中的缔合情况进行了讨论,基于H₂O, H₂O·DMF, (H₂O)₂和(DMF)₂·H₂O的缔合平衡建立了化学缔合模型,采用最小二乘法拟合实验数据,联合遗传算法和Levenberg-Marquardt算法对模型参数进行全局寻优求得不同温度的缔合平衡常数K,再根据不同温度的K求得缔合平衡的ΔH和ΔS。为了更好地理解DMF水溶液中分子间的相互作用,还测量了298 K下DMF-CCl₄和DMF-BuOH体系全浓度范围的¹H NMR数据作为比较,结合NMR的基本原理对各DMF溶液体系¹H NMR的实验现象进行了分析和解释,认为水溶液的特殊结构、氢键和DMF酰胺基的共轭体系是影响DMF-H₂O体系¹H NMR的主要因素。

关键词 [二甲基甲酰胺](#) [水](#) [质子磁共振谱法](#) [缔合](#)

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¹H NMR Studies of DMF-H₂O Association System

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Abstract Dimethylformamide (DMF) aqueous solution is a kind of simple biochemical model of biological molecular aqueous solutions. In this paper, ¹H NMR of DMF-H₂O system was measured at different temperatures to discuss molecular interactions in the mixtures. The association system was modeled on the equilibrium among H₂O, H₂O·DMF, (H₂O)₂ and (DMF)₂·H₂O and calculated by nonlinear least-square fitting. Association equilibrium constant K and the corresponding ΔH and ΔS were obtained by combined GA and Levenberg-Marquardt algorithm. In addition, DMF-CCl₄ and DMF-BuOH systems were also studied in order to further understand the nature of interactions in DMF-water mixture. Some peculiar phenomena were found and considered to be mainly caused by the special structure of liquid water, the hydrogen-bonding interactions and the conjugate system of amide.

Key words [DIMETHYLFORMAMIDE](#) [WATER](#) [¹H NMR](#) [ASSOCIATION](#)

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