

# Turkish Journal of Chemistry

Turkish Journal

of

Chemistry

 [Keywords](#)  
 [Authors](#)



[chem@tubitak.gov.tr](mailto:chem@tubitak.gov.tr)

[Scientific Journals Home](#)  
[Page](#)

## Spectroscopic Characterisation and Biological Applications of Organotin(IV) Derivatives of 3-(N-Naphthylaminocarbonyl)-2-propenoic Acid

Sajjad AHMED<sup>1</sup>, Moazzam Hussain BHATTI<sup>2</sup>, Saqib ALI<sup>1</sup> and Fiaz AHMED<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Department of Chemistry, Quaid-i-Azam University,  
45320 Islamabad-PAKISTAN  
e-mail: drsa54@yahoo.com

<sup>2</sup>Department of Chemistry, Allama Iqbal Open University,  
Islamabad-PAKISTAN

**Abstract:** In an effort to develop new organotin materials for investigation and biocidal evaluation, a series of compounds with the general formula  $R_{4-n}SnL_n$  (where R = CH<sub>3</sub>, n-C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>9</sub>, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>CH<sub>2</sub> and L = 3-(N-naphthylaminocarbonyl)-2-propenoic acid) were synthesised, and characterised by elemental analysis, IR, multinuclear (<sup>1</sup>H, <sup>13</sup>C and <sup>119</sup>Sn) NMR, <sup>119m</sup>Sn Mössbauer spectroscopy and mass spectrometry. The biological activity of these compounds against various bacteria and fungi was investigated. All of the compounds were active against the fungi tested with a few exceptions. These compounds also showed significant antibacterial activity. LD<sub>50</sub> data show that the investigated compounds have significant toxicity.

**Key Words:** Organotin(IV) carboxylates, biological studies, spectroscopic studies

---

Turk. J. Chem., **30**, (2006), 471-482.

Full text: [pdf](#)

Other articles published in the same issue: [Turk. J. Chem., vol.30, iss.4.](#)