

 [Keywords](#)
 [Authors](#)



chem@tubitak.gov.tr

[Scientific Journals Home](#)
[Page](#)

Abstract: From the aerial parts of *Asperula arvensis* L. 9 known flavonol glycosides, namely quercetin (1), isoquercitrin [= quercetin 3-O- β -glucopyranoside] (2), hyperin [= quercetin 3-O- β -galactopyranoside] (3), quercetin 7-O- β -galactopyranoside (4), quercetin 4'-O- β -galactopyranoside (5), isorhamnetin 3-O- β -galactopyranoside (6), isorhamnetin 5-O- β -galactopyranoside (7), dihydrokaempferol 7-4'-dimethylether 3-O- β -glucopyranoside (8) and isorhamnetin 3-O- α -rhamnopyranosyl (1'' to 6'')- β -glucopyranosid (9), were isolated. The structures of the compounds were elucidated by high field 1D and 2D NMR and ESI-MS spectroscopies.

Key Words: *Asperula arvensis*, Rubiaceae, flavonol glycosides, quercetin, isoquercitrin, hyperin, quercetin 7-O- β -galactopyranoside, quercetin 4'-O- β -galactopyranoside, isorhamnetin 3-O- β -galactopyranoside, isorhamnetin 5-O- β -galactopyranoside, dihydrokaempferol 7-4'-dimethylether 3-O- β -glucopyranoside, isorhamnetin 3-O- α -rhamnopyranosyl (1'' to 6'')- β -glucopyranosid

Turk. J. Chem., **29**, (2005), 163-169.

Full text: [pdf](#)

Other articles published in the same issue: [Turk. J. Chem., vol.29, iss.2.](#)