Full Paper

锌离子选择性化学传感器的设计与合成

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摘要 设计合成了带有羟基取代的希夫碱配体化合物1,

并研究了它与 Zn^{2+} 的识别。结果发现:在乙腈溶剂中化合物1与 Zn^{2+} 络合后有强的荧光发射,而化合物1除了与 Mg^{2+} 络合后有弱的荧光发射被检测到外,与其他离子(Fe^{2+} ,

Co²⁺, Ni²⁺, Cu²⁺, Cd²⁺, Hg²⁺,

 Pb^{2+} , Ca^{2+} , Ba^{2+} , Sr^{2+})络合后未检测到荧光发射。研究结果还表明:化合物1能在多组分混合离子中对 Zn^{2+} 进行选择性检测而不受其他离子的干扰。为了弄清配体化合物1与 Zn^{2+} 络合的反应机理,本论文还设计合成了其他三个带羟基取代的希夫碱配体化合物2-4,并分别研究了它们与 Zn^{2+} 的识别。

关键词 <u>化学传感器,希夫碱,荧光,锌离子</u> 分类号

Design and Synthesis of a Selective Chemosensor for Zn²⁺

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Abstract A hydroxyl substituted phenolic Schiff base 1, used as sensor for detection of Zn^{2+} , was synthesized and investigated. It was found that a strong fluorescence emission was observed when 1 bound to Zn^{2+} in acetonitrile, whereas no fluorescence emission was detected when 1 bound to other metal ions $(Fe^{2+}, Co^{2+}, Ni^{2+}, Cu^{2+}, Cd^{2+}, Hg^{2+}, Mg^{2+}, Pb^{2+}, Ca^{2+}, Ba^{2+}, Sr^{2+})$ except for Mg^{2+} , for which a weak fluorescence emission was detected in the same condition. Competition experiment showed that no obvious interference was observed in its fluorescence while 1 performed the titration with Zn^{2+} in the different mixtures of metal ions. To understand the site where Zn^{2+} coordinated to the ligand and the mechanism of binding, three other hydroxyl substituted phenolic Schiff bases 2—4 were synthesized and their binding reactions with Zn^{2+} were also investigated.

Key words chemosensor Schiff base fluorescence Zn²⁺

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