Turkish Journal of Chemistry

Turkish Journal	Synthesis and Characterization of NiFe ₂ O ₄ Nano-Octahedrons by EDTA-Assisted Hydrothermal
of	Method
Chemistry	Nermin KASAPOĞLU ¹ , Abdulhadi BAYKAL ¹ , Muhammet S. TOPRAK ² , Yüksel KÖSEOĞLU ³ , Harun BAYRAKDAR ⁴ ,
	¹ Department of Chemistry, Fatih University, Büyükçekmece, 34500 İstanbul-TURKEY e-mail: hbaykal@fatih.edu.tr
	² Department of Chemistry, University of California, Santa Barbara, CA 93106, USA
Keywords	³ Department of Physics, Fatih University, Büyükçekmece, 34500 İstanbul-TURKEY
Authors	⁴ Department of Physics, Gebze Institute of Technology, 41400 Kocaeli-TURKEY
	Abstract: Octahedral-like NiFe2O4 ferrite nanocrystals were synthesized using EDTA-assisted
@	hydrothermal method under mild conditions. XRD and FTIR analysis were used for composition and structure investigation. XRD analysis revealed a pure ferrite phase with high crystallinity. Morphological investigation by SEM showed octahedral nanocrystals with an average particle size of \sim 40 nm.
chem@tubitak.gov.tr	Crystallite size calculated from XRD peak broadening resulted in an average crystallite size of 39 nm, matching well with the SEM observations. TEM analysis and corresponding electron diffraction confirmed the octahedral morphology and single crystallinity of octahedral nanoparticles. Magnetic measurements
Scientific Journals Home	showed that NiFe ₂ O ₄ octahedrons have smaller coercivity than bulk ferrite due to the low shape
Page	anisotropy.
	Key Words: Octahedral nanocrystals, ferrites, magnetic nanoparticles, hydrothermal synthesis, coercivity, EDTA, NiFe_O.

Turk. J. Chem., **31**, (2007), 659-666. Full text: <u>pdf</u> Other articles published in the same issue: <u>Turk. J. Chem.,vol.31,iss.6</u>.