Turkish Journal of Chemistry

Turkish Journal

of

Chemistry

Keywords Authors



chem@tubitak.gov.tr

Scientific Journals Home
Page

Synthesis and Antimicrobial Evaluation of Novel Di-triazoles and 4-Arylidene Amino 4,5 Dihydro-1H-[1,2,4] triazole-5-one Derivatives

Yasemin ÜNVER¹, Esra DÜĞDÜ¹, Kemal SANCAK¹, Mustafa ER¹, Şengül ALPAY KARAOĞLU²

¹Department of Chemistry, Karadeniz Technical University, 61080 Trabzon-TURKEY

²Department of Biology, Rize University, 53100 Rize-TURKEY

e-mail: unver.yasemin@hotmail.com

Abstract: A series of novel di-[3(thiophen-2-yl-methyl)-4,5-dihydro-1H- [1,2,4]triazole-5-one-4yl]n-alkanes (2a-h) were obtained by the reaction of N'-1-ethoxy-2-thiophen-2-yl-ethylydene hydrazino carboxylic acid ethyl ester (1) and diamines. Compound 3 was reacted with aldehydes and 4-(arylidene-amino)-3-thiophen-2-yl-methyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-[1,2,4] triazole-5-ones (4, 5, and 8) with Schiff base character were synthesized. (4-(arylidene-amino)-5-oxo-3-thiophen-2-yl-methyl-4,5- dihydro-1H-[1,2,4]triazole-1-yl)-acetic acid ethyl esters (6, 7, and 9) were obtained by the reaction of 4-(arylidene-amino)-3-thiophen-2-yl-methyl-4,5-dihydro-1H-[1,2,4]triazole-5-ones (4, 5, and 8) and ethyl bromoacetate. The structures of the new compounds were inferred through IR, ¹H/¹³C NMR, elemental analyses, and mass spectral data. Compound 8i was characterized by IR, ¹H/¹³C NMR, elemental analyses, mass, and X-ray spectral techniques. Geometry optimization of compounds 2a, 2c, 2f, 4, and 5 was achieved by computer using the AM1 method. Compounds 2f, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8i, and 9k showed good antifungal activity only against yeast fungi, while compound 2d showed antimicrobial activity against the bacteria Pseudomonas aeruginosa ATCC10145, Enterococcus faecalis ATCC29212 and the yeast fungi Candida albicans ATCC 60193 and Candida tropicalis ATCC 13803.

Key Words: Triazole-5-one, Schiff base, antimicrobial activity, X-ray

Turk. J. Chem., 32, (2008), 441-455.

Full text: pdf

Other articles published in the same issue: Turk. J. Chem., vol.32, iss.4.