


Turkish Journal of Chemistry

Turkish Journal

of

Chemistry

 [Keywords](#)
 [Authors](#)



chem@tubitak.gov.tr

[Scientific Journals Home Page](#)

Synthesis and Evaluation of Antimicrobial Activity of New 3-Hydroxy-6-methyl-4-oxo-4H-pyran-2-carboxamide Derivatives

Mutlu DİLSİZ AYTEMİR, Dilek DEMİR EROL

Hacettepe University, Faculty of Pharmacy, Department of Pharmaceutical Chemistry,
06100, Sıhhiye, Ankara-TURKEY
e-mail: mutlud@hacettepe.edu.tr

Robert Charles HIDER

University of London, King's College, Pharmacy Department,
150 Stamford St. SE1 8WA, London, UK

Meral ÖZALP

Hacettepe University, Faculty of Pharmacy, Department of Pharmaceutical Microbiology,
06100, Sıhhiye, Ankara-TURKEY

Abstract: The synthesis of a range of 3-hydroxy-4-oxo-4H-pyran-2-carboxamide with antimicrobial activity is described. Amide derivatives of pyranone were synthesised using TBTU [2-(1H-benzotriazol-1-yl)-1,1,3,3-tetramethyluronium tetrafluoroborate] as a coupling agent and NMM (N-methylmorpholine) as a base. Antimicrobial activities were determined as MIC values using the microdilution broth method against *Staphylococcus aureus*, *Enterococcus faecalis*, *Escherichia coli* and *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* for bacteria and *Candida albicans*, *C. krusei* and *C. parapsilosis* for fungi. 3-Hydroxy-6-methyl-4-oxo-4H-pyran-2-[N-(4'-methylcoumarin-7-yl) carboxamide] (8c) exhibited higher antibacterial activity against *S. aureus*, *E. faecalis* and *E. coli* than the other compounds. In addition, 8c was more active against *C. krusei* than the other synthesised compounds.

Key Words: Chlorokojoic acid, amide derivatives of pyranone, antibacterial activity, antifungal activity

Turk. J. Chem., **27**, (2003), 757-764.

Full text: [pdf](#)

Other articles published in the same issue: [Turk. J. Chem., vol.27, iss.6.](#)