

**β-环糊精/萘丁美酮/直链醇体系的超分子作用机理及其分析应用的研究**

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**摘要** 利用稳态荧光法研究了β-环糊精(β-CD)与新型抗炎药物萘丁美酮(NAB)间的超分子相互作用,探讨了直链醇(ROH)对该超分子体系的影响。研究表明无论体系中是否含有直链醇,β-CD和萘丁美酮均形成1/1的超分子包合物其表观结合常数 $K_{(app)}$ 随醇碳链长度的增长而逐渐减小。将这一现象归因于醇对β-CD疏水性空腔的竞争作用,而非β-CD/NAB/ROH三元包合物的形成所致。荧光猝灭实验表明水相中β-CD对萘丁美酮的包结作用使其荧光显著增大这一特性,建立了水相中高灵敏度测定萘丁美酮的荧光光度法,线性范围为0~3.0 μg·mL<sup>-1</sup>,检测下限1.05 ng·mL<sup>-1</sup>。常用药物赋形剂对测定不产生干扰。应用本法测定片剂中萘丁美酮含量,结果令人满意。

**关键词** [环糊精](#) [萘丁美酮](#) [荧光分光光度法](#)

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**Study on the Supramolecular Mechanism of the β- Cyclodextrin/Nabumetone/Linear Alcohol System and Its Analytical Application**

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**Abstract** Nabumetone (NAB) forms a 1/1 supramolecular complex with β- cyclodextrin (β-CD) both in the absence and presence of linear alcohols (ROH). The apparent association constants,  $K_{(app)}$ , were measured using a steady-state fluorescence method.  $K_{(app)}$  decreases linearly with an increasing number of carbon atoms in the chain of the alcohol. We attribute this to a competition between nabumetone and linear alcohol for the β-CD hydrophobic cavity as detailed analysis of  $K_{(app)}$  as a function of [alcohol] suggests that the interactions in the β-CD/NAB/ROH system do not result in the formation of ternary supramolecular complex. Quenching the fluorescence of nabumetone with NaI shows that the β-CD cavity acts as a shield against contact between nabumetone and this aqueous phase quencher, while addition of alcohols inhibits this protective effect. This again suggests that alcohols occupy the space within the β-CD cavity and force nabumetone molecules to reside in the aqueous environment. Based on the significant enhancement of the fluorescence intensity of nabumetone produced through complex formation, a spectrofluorimetric method for the determination of nabumetone in bulk aqueous solution in the presence of β-CD is developed. The linear relationship between the fluorescence intensity and nabumetone concentration was obtained in the range of 0~3.0 μg·mL<sup>-1</sup>, with a correlation coefficient (r) of 0.9997. The detection limit is 1.0 ng·mL<sup>-1</sup>. There is no interference from the excipients normally used in tablet formulations. The application of the present method to the determination of nabumetone in tablets gave satisfactory results and was compared with the reference method.

**Key words** [cyclodextrin](#) [nabumetone](#) [FLUOROSPECTROPHOTOMETRY](#)

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