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ONLINE ISSN : 1348-2246

PRINT ISSN : 0910-6340

Analytical Sciences

Vol. 26 (2010) , No. 5 p.629

[\[PDF \(790K\)\]](#) [\[References\]](#)**A Multiple Processing Hybrid Flow System for Analysis of Formaldehyde Contamination in Food**[Saowapak TEERASONG^{1\)}](#), [Natchanon AMORNTHAMMARONG^{2\)}](#), [Kate GRUDPAN^{3\)}](#), [Norio TESHIMA^{4\)}](#), [Tadao SAKAI^{4\)}](#), [Duangjai NACAPRICHA^{5\)}](#) and [Nuanlaor RATANAWIMARNWONG^{6\)}](#)*1) Institute for Innovative Learning, Mahidol University**2) National Oceanic & Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Ocean Chemistry Division/AOML**3) Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Chiang Mai University**4) Department of Applied Chemistry, Aichi Institute of Technology**5) Department of Chemistry and Center of Excellence for Innovation in Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Mahidol University**6) Department of Chemistry, Faculty of Science, Srinakharinwirot University***(Received January 16, 2010)****(Accepted March 10, 2010)**

This work proposes a flow system suitable for the rapid screening of formaldehyde contaminated in food. The system is based on the concept of a flow analyzer with a Hantzsch reaction. An operating procedure was developed for multiple tasking and high sample throughput. This resulted in a significant sample throughput of 51 samples h⁻¹. Under the optimized conditions, linear calibration from 10 to 100 μM was obtained. The system gave a limit of detection and a limit of quantitation of 0.06 and 0.10 mg kg⁻¹, respectively. The system was successfully applied to re-hydrated dry squids, vegetables and mushrooms.

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To cite this article:

Saowapak TEERASONG, Natchanon AMORNTHAMMARONG, Kate GRUDPAN,
Norio TESHIMA, Tadao SAKAI, Duangjai NACAPRICHA and Nuanlaor
RATANA WIMARNWONG, *Anal. Sci.*, Vol. 26, p.629, (2010) .

doi:10.2116/analsci.26.629

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