



Analytical Sciences The Japan Society for Analytical Chemistry Available Issues | Japanese | >>> Publisher Site Author: | ADVANCED | Volume | Page | | Keyword: | Search | | | Favorite | Citation | Add to | Favorite | Add to

Analytical Sciences

Vol. 26 (2010), No. 5 p.581

[PDF (410K)] [References]

Development of a Discrete Flow System Using a Microsyringe as a Cell for the Photometric Determination of Iron

Yasutada SUZUKI¹⁾, Naoki HASHIGAYA¹⁾, Soutarou KUBO²⁾, Noriyuki IDO²⁾, Tetsuo KUWABARA¹⁾ and Susumu KAWAKUBO¹⁾

- 1) Division of Engineering, Interdisciplinary Graduate School of Medical and Engineering, University of Yamanashi
- 2) Department of Applied Chemistry, Faculty of Engineering, University of Yamanashi

(Received October 25, 2009) (Accepted April 1, 2010)

A simple discrete flow system for the photometric determination of iron using a glass syringe as a mixer of a solution and as a sample cell has been developed. The system was assembled from a coupler combining a light source (a light-emitting diode, LED), a glass syringe, a photodiode detector (PD) and two plastic core fiber optics. The reagent and sample solutions were sucked into a syringe, and were then mixed by a reciprocating motion of a plunger, or simply turning the syringe upside down several times, manually. After mixing, the absorbance of the solution was measured *in situ*. The analytical figures of this system and the mixing method were tested with a methyl orange solution and evaluated through iron(III) determination by a 1,10-phenanthroline method. The proposed system was applied to the determination of iron(III) using 1,10-phenanthroline and thiocyanate as chelating reagents and an off-line concentration method using an activated-carbon column. By this simple system, iron(III) in a river-water certified reference material (CRM), JSAC 0302-3, and river-water samples were successfully determined with a detection limit (3 σ) of 20 μ g L⁻¹.

To cite this article:

Yasutada SUZUKI, Naoki HASHIGAYA, Soutarou KUBO, Noriyuki IDO, Tetsuo KUWABARA and Susumu KAWAKUBO, Anal. Sci., Vol. 26, p.581, (2010).

doi:10.2116/analsci.26.581 JOI JST.JSTAGE/analsci/26.581

Copyright (c) 2010 by The Japan Society for Analytical Chemistry











Japan Science and Technology Information Aggregator, Electronic

STAGE

